



ICAO

International Civil Aviation Organization
North American, Central American and Caribbean Office

Seventh ATS Interfacility Data Communication (AIDC) and North American Interface Control Document (NAM/ICD) Implementation Follow-Up Meeting for the NAM/CAR Regions (AIDC/NAM/ICD/7)
(On-line, 17 May 2024)

Summary of Discussions

Date 17 May 2024
Location On-line
Participants The Workshop was attended by 29 delegates from 10 States/Territories and one representative of the industry from the NAM/CAR Regions. The list of participants is shown in **Attachment A**. The agenda is presented in **Attachment B**.

1. Objectives

1.1 The objective of the meeting was to follow up on regional planning and implementation of ATS Inter Facility Data Communications (AIDC) and the North American Interface Control Document (NAM/ICD) for the NAM/CAR Regions in their different phases and update the regional implementation plan, as well as follow up on the updating of AIDC-related projects.

2. Discussion

2.1 The Meeting began with introducing the new rapporteurs of the NACC/WG/AIDC/TF Task Force, Messrs. Luis Fuentes and Luciano Rojas Almonte.

2.2 Mr. Fuentes indicated he was pleased with the work done and the opportunity to lead this group.

2.3 During the meeting, an update was made on the contact points of the States for the implementation work of the automated channels and to view the implementation status of both protocols was updated. The information can be found in **Attachment C** of this SoD.

2.4 Cuba, through WP/02, illustrated the status of automatic coordination in the Habana Flight Information Region (FIR) (MUFH), the efforts to achieve its implementation with all adjacent areas, and details the workload between MUFH areas. and the Kingston FIR (MKJK).

2.5 Cuba has implemented the Class I NAM/ICD with almost all adjacent FIRs but indicated the importance of putting into operation the automated channel between the Habana FIR and the Kingston FIR. In this SoD, special reference is made to the status of coordination with the MKJK FIR due to the importance this has for both FIRs, with the exchange of flights on the border of the two airspaces being a significant volume of operations, which results in the workload of the controllers of both Habana and Kingston Area Control Centres (ACCs).

2.6 United States, through P/02, presented the new version of the NAM/ICD protocol. This new version, revision G, includes changes for the automation of control transfer messages, in addition to presenting the current state of implementation of the NAM/ICD protocol in the region. United States also indicated the advantages that the new Caribbean Air Navigation Services Network (CANSNET) will provide in the region, especially for the implementation of the NAM/ICD that requires redundant and dedicated channels to carry out the implementation in its phase III.

2.7 United States through the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) continues to work on automation, using Controller-Pilot Data Link Communications (CPDLC) through the 20 United States Air Traffic Control Centres. Additionally, Canada and United States have agreed to link the transfer of data communications to voice communications across the border using the NAM ICD automated handover that combines "non-voice transfer of control" into the automation transaction. As a result of this implementation and the integration of additional systems, the need for Field 18 data in Current Flight Plans (CPLs) becomes very important to operations and airlines.

2.8 The Secretariat reviewed the tasks under the responsibility of the Group, one of these tasks was to establish the mechanism for measuring the implementation of the AIDC and NAM/ICD protocols at the level of the NAM/CAR Region. In this regard, we worked with United States and COCESNA and the following measurement mechanism was established:

- AIDC messages would be taken as 100% implemented as the channel is operational.
- The NAM/ICD protocol messages are established as follows: 30% with Phase I implementation (notification messages), Phase II 40% additional (coordination messages), and finally when Phase III is operating, the 30% remaining.

2.9 **Attachment D** presents the current level of implementation in the NAM/CAR Regions, which shows that the implementation percentage is 48.76%.

2.10 As part of the activities and monitoring of the CAR/SAM Planning and Implementation Regional Group (GREPECAS), the work done to comply with Conclusion GREPECAS/21/13 was shared with the Group:

| CONCLUSIÓN GREPECAS/21/13 | | ACTIONS TO ADVANCE THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE D-ATIS AND THE DCL | |
|---|--|---|--|
| What: That the Secretariat to prepare a regional CAR/SAM guidance document, in collaboration with all stakeholders, including guidelines to facilitate cost-benefit analysis, on the implementation of the Automatic Terminal Information Service by Data Link - ATIS digital (D-ATIS) and Departure Clearance by Data Link (DCL) by GREPECAS/22. | | Expected impact: <input type="checkbox"/> Politics / Global <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Interregional <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Economics <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Environmental <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Technical/Operational | |
| Why: To promote the implementation of D-ATIS and DCL services for ATS units at international airports, with a view to obtaining safety barriers that eliminate possible failures in the understanding of critical flight safety information, in pilot-controller communication. | | | |
| When: GREPECAS/22 | | Status: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Valid / <input type="checkbox"/> Invalid / <input type="checkbox"/> Completed | |
| Who: <input type="checkbox"/> States <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ICAO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other: | | Responsible: NACC/WG and SAM/IG | |

2.11 The Meeting agreed to form an Ad hoc Group to comply with this request of said GREPECAS Conclusion, led by the Secretariat. The details of this agreement will be coordinated by the Secretariat at a later date.

2.12 It was also decided to support the implementation of the canal between Cuba and Jamaica. Cuba will send the people who will make up the Working Group. ICAO will coordinate with Jamaica and ultimately Thales will support this implementation.

3. Meeting Schedule and Activities

3.1 The meeting documentation, as well as the recording of the event, can be found at the following link: <https://www.icao.int/NACC/Pages/meetings-2024-namicd07.aspx>



North American, Central American and Caribbean Office (NACC)
Oficina para Norteamérica, Centroamérica y Caribe (NACC)

Seventh ATS Interfacility Data Communication (AIDC) and North American Interface Control Document (NAM/ICD) Implementation Follow-Up Meeting for the NAM/CAR Regions
Séptima Reunión de seguimiento de la implantación de Comunicaciones de Datos entre Instalaciones ATS (AIDC) y el Documento de Control de Interfaz de América del Norte (NAM/ICD) para las regiones NAM/CAR (AIDC/NAM/ICD/7)

On-line, 17 May 2024 / En línea, 17 de mayo 2024

ATTACHMENT/ADJUNTO
LIST OF PARTICIPANTS / LISTA DE PARTICIPANTES

BAHAMAS

1. Earl Rahming
2. Elton Joseph
3. Sheano Dorsett

BARBADOS

4. Deidree Butterfield-Williams
5. Roderick Oliver
6. John Parris

COSTA RICA

7. Warren Quiros

CUBA

8. Orlando Nevot

CURAÇAO/CURAZAO

9. Jacques Lasten

DOMINICAN REPUBLIC/REPÚBLICA DOMINICANA

10. Luciano Rojas Almonte

HONDURAS

11. Reybin Sanabria
12. Arlix venancio ortiz
13. Luis Manuel Coello Flores
14. Alberto Josue Zuniga

MEXICO/MÉXICO

15. Ernesto Trujillo

TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO/TRINIDAD Y TABAGO

16. Kent Ramnarace-Singh
17. Naresh Seeparsad
18. Ann Edwards
19. Varun Sookra
20. Rupnarine Baboolal
21. Kevin Brown
22. Ian Gomez
23. Ashley Lalman

UNITED STATES/ESTADOS UNIDOS

24. Alfredo Costa
25. Rudolp Lawrence
26. Keith Dutch
27. Al O'Neill

THALES

28. Govind Vekaria

ICAO/OACI

29. Mayda Avila



ICAO

International Civil Aviation Organization
North American, Central American and Caribbean Office

Seventh NAM/CAR Air Traffic Services Inter-facility Data Communication (AIDC) and North American Interface Control Document (NAM/IDC) Implementation Follow-up Meeting (AIDC/NAM/ICD/7)
Online, 17 May 2024

**ATTACHMENT B
PROVISIONAL AGENDA**

- Agenda Item 1:** Adoption of the Provisional Agenda
- Agenda Item 2:** Review of the Implementation Status of Automated Protocols
- Agenda Item 3:** Presentation of the Status of the Activities of the NACC/WG/AIDC Task Force
- Agenda Item 4:** Other Business

**PROVISIONAL AGENDA
EXPLANATORY NOTES**

Agenda Item 1: Adoption of the Provisional Agenda and Schedule

Under this agenda item, the Meeting will review and adopt the agenda. The objectives and general expectations of the meeting will be presented.

Agenda Item 2: Review of the Implementation Status of Automated Protocols

Each participating State will provide the implementation status of its automated channels and subsequent steps. Additionally, the regional implementation plan will be updated with this information.

Agenda Item 3: Presentation of the Status of the Activities of the NACC/WG/AIDC Task Force

The Group's rapporteurs will present a summary of the activities developed within the Group, in the same way the 2024 action plan of the Task Force will be updated.

Agenda Item 4: Other Business.

Under this agenda item, the Meeting will review other relevant and/or pertinent matters.

Attachment C / Adjunto C

| State/ Organization | System | Point of contact | Network Bandwidth | Comments | Milestones/Obstacles |
|--------------------------------|---|--|---|-------------------|---|
| Bahamas | INDRA AIRCON 2100* | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •EARL RAHMING CNS DEPUTY DIRECTOR earl.rahming@bansabahamas.com •BRYAN WILSON DEPUTY DIRECTOR AIR TRAFFIC OPERATIONS bryan.wilson@bansabahamas.com •JASON SAUNDERS DEPUTY DIRECTOR AIRSPACE & PROCEDURE jason.saunders@bansabahamas.com •ELTON JOSEPH CNS ELECTRONIC TECHNICIAN elton.joseph@bansabahamas.com | - | - | |
| Belize | INDRA AIRCON 2100 | Gilberto Torres | AMHS: 64 Kbps | Has class 2 and 3 | December – meeting in cocesna |
| Canada | CAATS GAATS+ (Gander Oceanic) | Troy Wilton Manager, ATM and ACC Automation (613) 248 6915 wiltont@navcanada.ca | - | - | |
| COCESNA | INDRA Aircon 2100 Renovado | Reybin Sanabria | N/A (the current AFTN circuit speed is 1.2 kbps internally and 9.6 kbps the internationals). COCESNA planned to change her AFTN network for a new AMHS network in | - | Class 2 next year waiting for Cuba Update of system – waiting for Cuba |
| Costa Rica | No - FDP Server must upgrade – Q1 2017 | Warren Quirós navegacionaerea.cns@dgac.go.cr +50622314924 Jeffry Rios | AMHS: 64 Kbps | Has class 2 and 3 | December – meeting in cocesna January – Training |

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|--|---|---|---|
| Cuba | yes - Oracle Version 9 modified by LITA-CUBA | pendiente | AMHS: 64 Kbps* | We received many mistakes from the users in the FPL, in almost all fields. We have detected changes in the FPL forwarded by ACC's or ANSP | Class 2. Work in progress |
| Curacao | - | Jacques Lasten, ATS Manager, DC-ANSP, j.lasten@dc-ansp.org Natasha Leonora-Belefanti Jozef Nicolas | AMHS: 64 Kbps | - | |
| Dominican Rep | Yes TopSky-ATC, Thales ATM | Pendiente | AMHS: 64 Kbps | - | Signing of phase change agreement - october 2017 Installation of test bed and update operation - September |
| El Salvador | INDRA Aircon 2100 Renovado | Danilo Ramirez danilo.ramirez@cepa.gob.sv | AMHS: 64 Kbps | - | |
| Guatemala | INDRA Aircon 2100 Renovado | Sergio Raul Enrique senriquez@gmail.com David Ascoli davidascoli@gmail.com | AMHS: 64 Kbps | - | |
| Haiti | - | Nadia Leopold nleopold@hotmail.com | - | - | |
| Jamaica | Thales Topsky In installation | Howard Greaves (howard.greaves@jcaa.gov.jm) Kevin Miller | 64k | 85% implementation | Training. Verify if NAM is implemented and how. If classes are as |
| Mexico | Yes- FDP=Topsky, Producer= THALES ATM, INFO= Four Control Centres, all Mexico covered | (pendiente de actualizar) | 19200 bps 2Mbps (Atlanta/Lago Salado) (compartido con frecuencias) | Mexico already counts with the implementation of CPL/LAM information exchange between: MZT ≤ ≥ LAX, MZT | Class 2 not planned in near future |
| Nicaragua | INDRA Aircon 2100 Renovado | | AMHS: 64 Kbps | Has class 2 and 3 | December – meeting in cocesna |
| Trinidad and Tobago | Leonardo | pendiente de actualizar PoC | 64k | | Approval phase for upgrade Upgrade will be next year. Continue testing phase |

| | | | | | |
|---------------|---|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| United States | <p>Yes - Host Automation / En Route Automation Modernization(ERAM) systems. Lockheed-Martin (LMCO) is the prime contractor for the Host/ERAM system. Ocean21 provides its own FDP processing in the oceanic environment. LMCO is also the contractor for Ocean21.</p> | <p>they ll provide an update</p> | <p>US- Mexico: NADIN/AFTN 64 kbps X.25 US- Cuba : MEVA III 19.2 kbps connection to NADIN</p> | <p>The domestic FDP is integrated into The Host Automation / En Route Automation Modernization (ERAM) systems.. The flight data function of The San Juan Combined Center / Radar Approach Control (CERAP) is</p> | <p>Working Class 3 2020 estimated.</p> |
|---------------|---|----------------------------------|--|--|--|

Attachment D / Adjunto D

| No | Interface | State/ Organization | Adjacent State or | Bilateral Agreement or ICD | Status | Notificación | Coordinación | Transferencia | % Implementación |
|----|--------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|------------------|
| | | | | | NAM/ICD | 30 | 40 | 30 | |
| 1 | Belize-Merida | Belize | Mexico | NAM-ICD Version D | Implementing | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| 2 | Boston-Toronto | Canada | United States | NAM-ICD Version F | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% |
| 3 | Cleveland-Montreal | Canada | United States | NAM-ICD Version F | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% |
| 4 | Edmonton-Reykjavik | Canada | Iceland | NAT ICD | Operational | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| 5 | Edmonton-Salt Lake City | Canada | United States | NAM-ICD Version E | Operational/ | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% |
| 6 | Edmonton-Seattle | Canada | United States | NAM-ICD Version E | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% |
| 7 | Gander-New York | Canada | United States | NAT ICD | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% |
| 8 | Gander-Prestwick | Canada | SD | NAT ICD | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% |
| 9 | Gander-Reykjavik | Canada | Iceland | NAT ICD | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% |
| 10 | Gander-Santa Maria | Canada | SD | NAT ICD | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% |
| 11 | Moncton-New York | Canada | United States | NAM-ICD Version E | Testing | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% |
| 12 | Salt Lake City-Vancouver | Canada | United States | NAM-ICD Version E | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% |
| 13 | Belize-CENAMER | COCESNA | Belize | PAC ICD | Testing | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| 14 | Bogota-CENAMER | COCESNA | Colombia | PAC ICD | Testing | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| 15 | CENAMER-Costa Rica | COCESNA | Costa Rica | PAC ICD | Testing | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| 16 | CENAMER-El Salvador | COCESNA | El Salvador | PAC ICD | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 0.00% | 66.67% |
| 17 | CENAMER-Guatemala | COCESNA | Guatemala | PAC ICD | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 0.00% | 66.67% |
| 18 | CENAMER-Guayaquil | COCESNA | Ecuador | PAC ICD | Testing | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% |
| 19 | CENAMER-Havana | COCESNA | Cuba | NAM-ICD Version E | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 0.00% | 66.67% |
| 20 | CENAMER-Kingston | COCESNA | Jamaica | NAM-ICD Version E | Planned | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| 21 | CENAMER-Merida | COCESNA | Mexico | NAM-ICD Version E | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 0.00% | 66.67% |
| 22 | CENAMER-MAZATLAN | COCESNA | Mexico | NAM-ICD Version E | Planned | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| 23 | CENAMER-Nicaragua | COCESNA | Nicaragua | PAC ICD | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 0.00% | 66.67% |
| 24 | CENAMER-Panama | COCESNA | Panama | PAC ICD | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 0.00% | 66.67% |
| 25 | Panama-San José | Costa Rica | Panama | PAC ICD | Testing | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| 26 | Havana-Kingston | Cuba | Jamaica | NAM-ICD Version E | Testing | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| 27 | Havana-Merida | Cuba | Mexico | NAM-ICD Version E | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 0.00% | 66.67% |
| 28 | Havana-Miami | Cuba | United States | NAM-ICD Version E | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 0.00% | 66.67% |
| 29 | Havana-Port au Prince | Cuba | Haiti | 0 | Not planned | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| 30 | Curacao-Maiquetia | Curacao | Venezuela | 0 | Planned | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| 31 | Santo Domingo | Dominican Republic | Haiti | 0 | Not planned | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |

| No | Interface | State/ Organization | Adjacent State or | Bilateral Agreement or ICD | Status | Notificación | Coordinación | Transferencia | % Implementación |
|----|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|------------------|
| | | | | | NAM/ICD | 30 | 40 | 30 | |
| 32 | El Salvador-Guatemala | El Salvador | Guatemala | PAC ICD | Planned | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| 33 | El Salvador-Nicaragua | El Salvador | Nicaragua | PAC ICD | Planned | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| 34 | Belize-Guatemala | Guatemala | Belize | PAC ICD | Planned | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| 35 | Barranquilla-Kingston | Jamaica | Colombia | PAC ICD | Testing | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| 36 | Curacao-Kingston | Jamaica | Curacao | PAN | Planned | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| 37 | Kingston-Panama | Jamaica | Panama | PAN ICD V.1 | Testing | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| 38 | Albuquerque-Mazatlán | Mexico | United States | NAM-ICD Version E | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 0.00% | 66.67% |
| 39 | Mazatlan-México | Mexico | Mexico | LOA | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 0.00% | 66.67% |
| 40 | Mazatlán-Monterrey | Mexico | Mexico | LOA | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 0.00% | 66.67% |
| 41 | Mazatlán-Oakland | Mexico | United States | PAN ICD V.1 | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 0.00% | 66.67% |
| 42 | Mérida-México | Mexico | Mexico | LOA | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 0.00% | 66.67% |
| 43 | Mérida-Monterrey | Mexico | Mexico | LOA | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 0.00% | 66.67% |
| 44 | México-Monterrey | Mexico | Mexico | LOA | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 0.00% | 66.67% |
| 45 | Nicaragua-San José | Nicaragua | Costa Rica | PAC ICD | Planned | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| 46 | Curacao-Santo Domingo | Republic | Curacao | PAN ICD V.1 | Planned | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| 47 | Maiquetia-PIARCO | Tobago | Venezuela | 0 | Planned | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| 48 | New York-PIARCO | Tobago | United States | PAC ICD | Testing | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| 49 | PIARCO-San Juan/Miami | Trinidad and Tobago | United States | NAM-ICD Version D | Testing | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| 50 | French Guyanne- PIARCO | Trinidad and Tobago | French Guyanne | PAC ICD | Planned | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| 51 | Albuquerque-Monterrey | United States | Mexico | NAM-ICD Version E | Operational | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| 52 | Anchorage-Edmonton | United States | Canada | NAM-ICD Version E | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 0.00% | 66.67% |
| 53 | Anchorage-Vancouver | United States | Canada | NAM-ICD Version E | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 0.00% | 66.67% |
| 54 | Boston-Moncton | United States | Canada | NAM-ICD Version E | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 0.00% | 66.67% |
| 55 | Boston-Montreal | United States | Canada | NAM-ICD Version E | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 0.00% | 66.67% |
| 56 | Cleveland-Toronto | United States | Canada | NAM-ICD Version E | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 0.00% | 66.67% |
| 57 | Houston-Merida | United States | Mexico | NAM-ICD Version E | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 0.00% | 66.67% |
| 58 | Houston-Monterrey | United States | Mexico | NAM-ICD Version E | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 0.00% | 66.67% |
| 59 | Los Angeles-Mazatlan | United States | Mexico | NAM-ICD Version E | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 0.00% | 66.67% |
| 60 | Miami-Nassau | United States | Bahamas | NAM-ICD Version E | Planned | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| 61 | Miami-Santo Domingo | United States | Republic | NAM-ICD Version E | Operational | 100.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 33.33% |
| 62 | Minneapolis-Toronto | United States | Canada | NAM-ICD Version E | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% |

| No | Interface | State/ Organization | Adjacent State or | Bilateral Agreement or ICD | Status | Notificación | Coordinación | Transferencia | % Implementación |
|----|-------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|------------------|
| | | | | | NAM/ICD | 30 | 40 | 30 | |
| 63 | Minneapolis-Winnipeg | United States | Canada | NAM-ICD Version E | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% |
| 64 | Oakland-Vancouver | United States | Canada | NAM-ICD Version E | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% |
| 65 | Salt Lake City-Winnipeg | United States | Canada | NAM-ICD Version E | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% |
| 66 | San Juan-Santo Domingo | United States | Republic | NAM-ICD Version E | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% |
| 67 | Seattle-Vancouver | United States | Canada | NAM-ICD Version E | Operational | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% |
| | | | | | | | | | 48.76% |