Impact of Non-Compliance with International SAR Standards

The Importance of Adhering to Annex 12 for Global Aviation Safety

Objectives



Overview of International SAR Standards (Annex 12)



Consequences of Non-Compliance: Aviation Safety



USOAP Audits: Identifying Deficiencies in RCC Operations



Risks of Non-Compliance: Legal Consequences



Risks of Non-Compliance: Reputational Damage



Ensuring Compliance: Best Practices for RCCs



Next Steps: Improving Compliance



Summary and Q&A

Douglas Samp

USCG Pacific Area Search and Rescue Program Manager

35 Years with the US Coast Guard

10 year on US Coast Guard Cutters (Caribbean, Hawaii, Antarctica)

25 Years managing and planning SAR operations

San Diego, Guam, San Francisco, JRCC Alameda, and USCG Pacific Area

SAR Planner, SAR Mission Coordinator, & Official with ACTSUS Authority



Overview of ICAO Annex 12 and Its Relevance

- Emphasizes a global framework to ensure effective SAR services across international boundaries.
- Sets SAR responsibilities, including 24/7 operation of RCCs.
- Uniform global standard for cooperation.
- Aligns with IAMSAR Manuals.

International Standards to the Convention on **Search and Rescue** International Civil Aviation Organization



Consequences of Non-Compliance: Aviation Safety

- Non-compliance can lead to delayed SAR responses, as seen in past aviation disasters like Malaysia Airlines MH370.
- Lack of operational RCCs results in fragmented SAR efforts, which increases risk to passengers and crew in distress situations.
- Inconsistent implementation of SARPs undermines international SAR efforts and puts aviation safety at risk.



USOAP Audits: Identifying Deficiencies in RCC Operations

- ICAO Universal Safety Oversight Audit Program (USOAP)
- USOAP audits have consistently revealed deficiencies in RCC operations, such as lack of 24-hour staffing, inadequate communications systems, and poor coordination.
- Findings show that some States have dismantled or reduced RCC functions, assuming other agencies can handle SAR alerts, leading to gaps in response capability.



Legal Consequences of NonCompliance

- States are legally bound under the Convention on International Civil Aviation to provide SAR services. Noncompliance can result in legal actions, especially if negligence in SAR operations leads to loss of life.
- States may face sanctions from ICAO, reputational damage, and legal claims from airlines, passengers, or their families.

Reputational Risks and International Cooperation

Non-compliance can result in negative media attention, damage a country's reputation in the aviation industry, and erode trust among international partners.

States that fail to adhere to SAR standards may find it difficult to engage in effective international cooperation during joint SAR operations, reducing their standing in global aviation.

The Role of Rescue Coordination Centers (RCCs) in SAR Compliance

- Annex 12 requires States to establish RCCs, staff them 24/7, and ensure that RCCs have the necessary communication systems and trained personnel to manage SAR operations.
- Non-compliance results in delays in SAR missions, risking lives.



Best Practices for SAR Compliance

Regular training for RCC personnel.

Investment in stateof-the-art communication and monitoring technologies. Joint SAR exercises with neighboring countries to ensure readiness and coordination.

Conclusion and Q&A



KEYTHEMES



BENEFITS OF COMPLIANCE



COMMITMENT TO IMPROVEMENT



INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AND COLLABORATION



CALL TO ACTION